## DEFINTION OF POWER

Power is the quotient of work and time interval.

$$
p=\frac{W}{\Delta t} \quad \text { or } \quad p=\frac{E}{\Delta t}
$$

| Quantity | Symbol | SI unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| power | $P$ | W (watt) |
| energy transferred | $E$ | J (joule) |
| work done | $W$ | J (joule) |
| time interval | $\Delta t$ | s (seconds) |

Note: A watt is equivalent to a joule per second: $\mathrm{W}=\frac{\mathrm{I}}{s}$
$1 \mathrm{hp}=$ amount of work done by horses to raise 550lbs 1 foot in 1 second approx. 746Watts

## DEFINTION OF EFFCIENCY

Efficiency is the ratio of useful energy or work output to the total energy or work input.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Efficiency }=\frac{E_{0}}{E_{i}} \times 100 \% \\
\text { or } \\
\text { Efficiency }=\frac{W_{0}}{W_{\mathrm{i}}} \times 100 \%
\end{gathered}
$$

| Quantity | Symbol | SI unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| useful output energy | $E_{0}$ | J (joule) |
| input energy | $E_{\mathrm{i}}$ | J (joule) |
| useful output work | $W_{0}$ | J (joule) |
| input work | $W_{\mathrm{i}}$ | J (joule) |

efficiency
(none)
none; efficiency is a ratio; units cancel in ratios

